

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| Music | | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Music | Musicianship: Understanding Music | Musical Activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch, explore voices and classroom instruments. | Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. Find and keep a steady beat together. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa | Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, G major and A minor. Find and keep a steady beat. Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa. Sing short phrases independently | Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. Find and keep a steady beat. Copy back and improvise simple rhythmic patterns using minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. Copy back and improvise simple melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E G, A, B F, G, A A, B, C | Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E F, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F, G | Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, F major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G, A, B D, E, F#, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F#, G F, G, A, B b, C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F# | Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, A minor and D minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: D, E, F, G, A C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C# A, B, C, D, E, F, G |

Creative Learning

Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Music | Performing – instrumental performance | <p>Invent a pattern to go with a song using one note. Use the starting note to explore melodic patterns using one or two notes. Use the starting note to explore melodic patterns using one or two notes.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from simple notation, in C major, F major, D major and D minor</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major and G major.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major. Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as a violin or recorder</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and D major.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major, E \flat major, C minor and D minor. Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within the middle C–C'/do–do range. This should initially be done as a whole class, with greater independence gained each lesson through smaller group performance.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, E \flat major, D minor and F minor. Play a melody following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave range (do–do); make decisions about dynamic range, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).</p> |
| | | | | | | | | |

Creative Learning

Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| Music | Listening: Respond/Analyse | <p>To learn that music can touch your feelings. To enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or Pop stars.</p> | <p>Move and dance with the music. Find the steady beat. Talk about feelings created by the music. Recognise some band and orchestral instruments. Describe tempo as fast or slow. Describe dynamics as loud and quiet. Join in sections of the song, eg chorus. Begin to understand where the music fits in the world. Begin to understand about different styles of music.</p> | <p>Mark the beat of a listening piece (eg Boléro by Ravel) by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo, as well as changes in tempo. Walk in time to the beat of a piece of music. Identify the beat groupings in the music you sing and listen, eg 2-time, 3-time etc. Move and dance with the music confidently. Talk about how the music makes you feel. Find different steady beats. Describe tempo as fast or slow. Describe dynamics as loud or quiet. Join in sections of the song, eg call and response. Start to talk about the style of a piece of music. Recognise some band and orchestral instruments. Start to talk about where music might fit into the world.</p> | <p>Share your thoughts and feelings about the music together. Find the beat or groove of the music. Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes. Invent different actions to move in time with the music. Talk about what the song or piece of music means. Identify some instruments you can hear playing. Identify if it's a male or female voice singing the song. Talk about the style of the music</p> | <p>Talk about the words of a song. Think about why the song or piece of music was written. Find and demonstrate the steady beat. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre. Identify the tempo as fast, slow or steady. Recognise the style of music you are listening to. Discuss the structures of songs. Identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call and response • A solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble • A change in texture • Articulation on certain words • Programme music Explain what a main theme is and identify when it is repeated. Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear and from notation. Describe legato and staccato. Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, R&B, Pop, Folk, Jazz, Disco, Musicals, Classical, Rock, Gospel, Romantic, Choral, Funk and Electronic Dance Music.</p> | <p>Talk about feelings created by the music. Justify a personal opinion with reference to Musical Elements. Find and demonstrate the steady beat. Identify 2/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre. Identify the musical style of a song or piece of music. Identify instruments by ear and through a range of media. Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus, improvisation, call and response, and AB form. Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality. Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic and Blues scales, by ear and from notation. Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure. Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose. Explain rapping. Recognise the following styles and any key musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Gospel, Pop, Minimalism, Rock n' Roll, South African, Contemporary Jazz, Reggae, Film Music, Hip Hop, Funk, Romantic and Musicals.</p> | <p>Talk about feelings created by the music. Justify a personal opinion with reference to Musical Elements. Identify 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4. Identify the musical style of a song using some musical vocabulary to discuss its Musical Elements. Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass guitar, electric guitar, percussion, sections of the orchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings, electric organ, congas, pianos and synthesizers, and vocal techniques such as scat singing. Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge and an instrumental break. Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song. Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music. Identify major and minor tonality, chord triads I, IV and V, and intervals within a major scale. Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure. Know and understand what a musical introduction and outro is, and its purpose. Identify the sound of a Gospel choir and soloist, Rock band, symphony orchestra and A Cappella groups. Recognise the following styles and any key musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Soul, Pop, Hip Hop, Jazz: Swing, Rock, Disco, Romantic, Zimbabwean Pop, R&B, Folk, Gospel, Salsa, Reggae, Musicals and Film Music.</p> |
| | | | | | | | | |

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Music | Singing | <p>To sing along with a pre-recorded song and add actions.</p> <p>To sing along with the backing track.</p> | <p>Sing, rap, rhyme, chant and use spoken word. Demonstrate good singing posture. Sing songs from memory. Copy back intervals of an octave and fifth (high, low). Sing in unison</p> | <p>Sing as part of a choir. Demonstrate good singing posture. Sing songs from memory and/or from notation. Sing to communicate the meaning of the words. Sing in unison and sometimes in parts, and with more pitching accuracy. Understand and follow the leader or conductor. Add actions to a song. Move confidently to a steady beat. Talk about feelings created by the music/song. Recognise some band and orchestral instruments. Describe tempo as fast or slow. Join in sections of the song, eg chorus. Begin to understand where the music fits in the world. Begin to talk about and understand the style of the music. Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow), and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) visual symbols (eg crescendo, decrescendo, pause).</p> | <p>Sing as part of a choir. Sing a widening range of unison songs, of varying styles and structures. Demonstrate good singing posture. Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of action songs. Sing songs from memory and/or from notation. Sing with awareness of following the beat. Sing with attention to clear diction. Sing expressively, with attention to the meaning of the words. Sing in unison. Understand and follow the leader or conductor. Copy back simple melodic phrases using the voice.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation. Sing in different time signatures: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture. Demonstrate good singing posture. Demonstrate vowel sounds, blended sounds and consonants. Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'. Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing. Sing expressively, with attention to staccato and legato. Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song. Talk about how the songs and their styles connect to the world.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation. Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 and 6/8 time. Sing in unison and parts, and as part of a smaller group. Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'. Sing a second part in a song. Self-correct if lost or out of time. Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing. Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation. Develop confidence as a soloist. Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song. Talk confidently about how connected you feel to the music and how it connects in the world. Respond to a leader or conductor.</p> | <p>Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation. Sing a broad range of songs as part of a choir, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, with a good sense of ensemble and performance. This should include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style. Continue to sing in parts where appropriate. Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Sing with and without an accompaniment. Sing syncopated melodic patterns. Demonstrate and maintain good posture and breath control whilst singing. Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing. Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation. Lead a singing rehearsal. Talk about the different styles of singing used for the different styles of songs sung in this year. Discuss with others how connected you are to the music and songs, and how the songs and styles are connected to the world.</p> |
|--------------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| Music | Notation | High and Low Explore high and low using voices and sounds of characters in the songs. Listen to high-pitched and low-pitched sounds on a glockenspiel. | Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. If appropriate: explore standard notation, using crotchets, quavers and minims, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G F, G, A G, B, D D, E, F#, G, A D, A, C | Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F# F, G, A, B b , C, D, E A, B, C, D, E Identify hand signals as notation, and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines. | Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using minims, semibreves, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B b , C G, A, B, C, D, E E, F#, G#, A, B Read and respond to semibreves, minims, crotchets and paired quavers. Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature • Lines and spaces on the stave Identify and understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers. Apply spoken word to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to one musical note. | Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B b , C G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C Read and respond to semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers. Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature Identify and understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests. Read and perform pitch notation within a range. Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble | Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B b , C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F# C, G, A b , B b G, G#, A, B b , C D, E, F, G, A, B, C E b , F, G, A b , B b , C, D b Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature Read and respond to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers and semiquavers. Recognise how notes are grouped when notated. Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef), the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign. Further understand the differences between semibreves, minims, crotchets and crotchet rests, paired quavers and semiquavers. Understand the differences between 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time signatures. Read and perform pitch notation within an octave (eg C–C'/do–do) | Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using dotted semibreves, dotted minims, minims, triplet crotchets, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B b , C, D, E F, G, A b , B b , C, D, E b G, A, B b , C, D, E, F G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F, G, A D, E, F#, A, B, C# E, F#, G, G#, A, B, C, C# E b , F, G, A b , B b , C, D Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature Read and respond to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers and semiquavers. Recognise how notes are grouped when notated. Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef), the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign. |
| | | | | | | | | |

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Music | Creating: Improvising | <p>Invent a pattern to go with a song using one note. Use the starting note to explore melodic patterns using one or two notes. Use the starting note to explore melodic patterns using one or two notes.</p> | <p>Explore improvisation within a major and minor scale using the notes: C, D, E D, E, A F, G, A D, F, G Improvise simple vocal patterns using 'Question and Answer' phrases. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.</p> | <p>Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, G, A G, A, B F, G, A Work with a partner and in the class to improvise simple 'Question and Answer' phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation.</p> | <p>Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E G, A, B, C, D F, G, A F, G, A, C, D Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion, and instruments played in whole-class/group/individual/instrumental teaching), inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a drone. Structure musical ideas (eg using echo or 'Question and Answer' phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end</p> | <p>Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, A C, D, E, F, G D, E, F, A, B D, E, F, G, A Improvise on a limited range of pitches on the instrument you are now learning, making use of musical features, including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato) articulation. Improvise over a simple chord progression. Improvise over a groove.</p> | <p>Explore improvisation within a major scale, using the notes: C, D, E, F, G G, A, B, C, D G, A, B, C, D F, G, A, C, D Improvise over a groove, responding to the beat, creating a satisfying melodic shape with varied dynamics and articulation.</p> |
| | | | | | | | |

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Music | Creating: Composing | Find the pulse by copying a character in a nursery rhyme, imagining a similar character or object and finding different ways to keep the pulse. Copycat Rhythm Copy basic rhythm patterns of single words, building to short phrases from the song/s. Create Your Own Sounds Invent a pattern using one pitched note, keep the pulse throughout with a single note and begin to create simple 2-note patterns to accompany the song. Adding a 2-note melody to the rhythm of the words. Playing with two pitched notes to invent musical patterns. | Explore and create graphic scores: Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus. Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments and/or soundmakers. Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent your own symbols. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds | Explore and create graphic scores: Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus. Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces. Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments. Create and perform your own rhythm patterns with stick notation, including crotchets, quavers and minims. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. | Create music and/or sound effects in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a drone. Start to use simple structures within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form. Use simple dynamics. Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. Create a simple melody using crotchets, minims and perhaps paired quavers: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C) C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) F, G F, G, A F, G, A, B ♭ F, G, A, B ♭, C Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) | Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names, to create short, pentatonic phrases using a limited range of five pitches, suitable for the instruments being learnt. Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a groove. Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use simple structures within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form. Use simple dynamics. Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. Create a melody using crotchets, minims, quavers and their rests. Use a pentatonic scale: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C) C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) A, B A, B, C A, B, C, D A, B, C, D, E Start and end on the note A (A minor) D, E D, E, F D, E, F, G | Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction, multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form). Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment. Use simple dynamics. Use rhythmic variety. Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet). Use full scales in different keys. Understand how chord triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards. Perform simple, chordal accompaniments. Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: F, G F, G, A F, G, A, B ♭ F, G, A, B ♭, C | Plan and compose an 8 or 16-beat melodic phrase, using the pentatonic scale (eg C, D, E, G, A), and incorporate rhythmic variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned percussion and/or orchestral instruments. Notate this melody. Either of these melodies can be enhanced with rhythmic or simple chordal accompaniment. Create a simple chord progression. Compose a ternary (ABA form) piece; use available music software/apps to create and record it, discussing how musical contrasts are achieved. Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction, multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form). Use simple dynamics. Use rhythmic variety. Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet). Use full scales in different keys. Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, and all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) |
|--------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | | | | | <p>D, E, F, G, A Start and end on the note D (D minor) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G)</p> | <p>Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, C G, A, B, C, D Start and end on the note G (G major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) D, E D, E, F D, E, F, G D, E, F, G, A Start and end on the note D (D minor) E ♭, F E ♭, F, G E ♭, F, G, B ♭ E ♭, F, G, B ♭, C Start and end on the note E ♭ (E ♭ major)</p> | <p>G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) D, E D, E, F D, E, F, G D, E, F, G, A Start and end on the note D (D minor) F, G F, G, A F, G, A, C F, G, A, C, D Start and end on the note F (Pentatonic on F) F, G F, G, A ♭ F, G, A ♭, B ♭ F, G, A ♭, B ♭, C Start and end on the note F (F minor)</p> |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| Music | Performing | <p>Perform any of the nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or dance. Perform any nursery rhymes or songs adding a simple instrumental part. Record the performance to talk about.</p> | <p>Enjoy and have fun performing. Choose a song/songs to perform to a well-known audience. Prepare a song to perform. Communicate the meaning of the song. Add actions to the song. Play some simple instrumental parts.</p> | <p>Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation, and with confidence. Decide on any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages to be practised and included in the performance. Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share. Talk about the difference between rehearsing a song and performing it</p> | <p>Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation, and with confidence. Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a small range, as a whole class or in small groups. Include any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance. Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share. Reflect on feelings about sharing and performing, eg excitement, nerves, enjoyment.</p> | <p>Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to share what has been learned in the lessons. Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notation. Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a small range, as a whole class or in small groups. Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance. Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural context of the song. Communicate the meaning of the words and articulate them clearly. Use the structure of the song to communicate its mood and meaning in the performance. Talk about what the rehearsal and performance has taught the student. Understand how the individual fits within the larger group ensemble. Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion. Discuss and respond to any feedback; consider how future performances might be different</p> | <p>Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for a friendly but unknown audience. Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as well as the whole class. Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements combining acoustic instruments, to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra. Perform from memory or with notation, with confidence and accuracy. Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance. Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural context of the song. A student leads part of the rehearsal and part of the performance. Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance; explain how well the performance communicated the mood of each piece. Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of a performance. Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how future performances might be different.</p> | <p>Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event, for an unknown audience. Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience. Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance, with a detailed understanding of the musical, cultural and historical contexts. Perform from memory or with notation. Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance. A student or a group of students rehearse and lead parts of the performance. Understand the importance of the performing space and how to use it. Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how the audience believed in the performance. Discuss how the performance might change if it was repeated in a larger/smaller performance space.</p> |
|--------------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|

Creative Learning

Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Music | Musicianship: Understanding Music | <p>Musical Activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch, explore voices and classroom instruments.</p> | <p>Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. Find and keep a steady beat together. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa.</p> | <p>Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, G major and A minor. Find and keep a steady beat. Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa. Sing short phrases independently</p> | <p>Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. Find and keep a steady beat. Copy back and improvise simple rhythmic patterns using minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. Copy back and improvise simple melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E G, A, B F, G, A A, B, C</p> | <p>Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E F, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F, G</p> | <p>Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, F major and A minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G, A, B D, E, F#, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F#, G F, G, A, B b, C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F#</p> | <p>Use body percussion, instruments and voices. In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, A minor and D minor. In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8. Find and keep a steady beat. Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation. Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: D, E, F, G, A C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C# A, B, C, D, E, F, G</p> |
| | | | | | | | | |

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| <u>Art & Design</u> | | <u>Reception</u> | <u>Year 1</u> | <u>Year 2</u> | <u>Year 3</u> | <u>Year 4</u> | <u>Year 5</u> | <u>Year 6</u> |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| <u>Art & Design</u> | <u>Artist/illustrator/craftsperson/Architect Study</u> | <p>Know the names of famous artists. Begin to identify features of their work.</p> <p>Ask questions about a piece of art.</p> | <p>Know the names of famous artists and identify key features of their work.</p> <p>Ask questions about a piece of art.</p> | <p>Recognise the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Talk about the similarities and differences between different artists, craft makers or designers.</p> | <p>Discuss the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Begin to understand the historical and/or cultural significance of a chosen artist /art form.</p> <p>Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work, e.g. talk about the features they like in a piece of art work.</p> | <p>Discuss and analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Understand the historical and / or cultural significance of the work of a chosen artist / art form.</p> <p>Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work, e.g. talk about the features they like and the changes they would make to a piece of art work.</p> | <p>Critically analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Understand how a chosen artist or art form has contributed to the culture and / or history of a specific nation.</p> <p>Use appropriate language when comparing ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.</p> <p>Describe what they think and feel about their own and others' work and how this might influence their designs.</p> | <p>Critically analyse the styles of a range of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Explain how a chosen artist or art form has contributed to the culture and /or history of a specific nation.</p> <p>Use language specific to a range of techniques to identify effective and ineffective features and use this to inform and evaluate their own work.</p> |

Creative Learning

Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Art & Design | Drawing, Painting, Collage, Digital Media, Printing and 3D Sculpture | <p>ELG: Creating with Materials ELG: Fine Motor Skills: Draw and paint using a range of materials, tools and techniques</p> | <p>Explore and record their own ideas through painting, drawing, sculpture, in response to first hand observations, e.g. real objects, pictures, artefacts, and experiences.</p> | <p>Develop and record their ideas through painting, drawing, sculpture in response to first hand observations, e.g. real objects, photographs, artefacts, and experiences.</p> | <p>Choose their own starting point from a range of ideas e.g. a visit to an art gallery, an artefact, digital images, experiences.</p> | <p>Investigate different starting points for their work, and choose which idea to develop further.</p> | <p>Investigate a range of starting points for their work, and choose which idea to develop further.</p> | <p>Independently investigate a range of starting points for their work, and confidently develop their ideas further.</p> |
| | | <p>Experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function.</p> | <p>Talk about their ideas and the choices they have made, e.g. chosen tools, media, materials.</p> <p>Beginning to work creatively e.g. with a range of media on different scales.</p> <p>Begin to use drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to explore the use of line, texture, colour, shape to create different effects, e.g. to apply acrylic paint thickly to add texture.</p> <p>Begin to demonstrate control of given tools and materials to create a desired effect, e.g. change the size of brushes in a simple graphics package.</p> | <p>Talk about and answer questions about the starting point, and choices they have made, e.g. chosen tools, media, materials.</p> <p>Show confidence in working creatively e.g. with a range of media on different scales.</p> <p>Confidently use drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to explore the use of line, texture, colour, shape to create different effects, e.g. cross hatching with felt tip pens.</p> <p>Begin to demonstrate control of tools and materials of their choice to create a desired effect, e.g. select, cut and shape faux fur fabric for a tiger hand puppet.</p> | <p>Show confidence and independence when working creatively e.g. with a range of media on different scales.</p> <p>Beginning to use learnt techniques in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design in different contexts, e.g. work on different scales both independently and collaboratively.</p> <p>Demonstrate control of chosen tools and materials to create a desired effect, e.g. carve a design into a printing block.</p> | <p>Use creative thinking to begin to adapt an initial idea, e.g. experiment with alternative colour palette.</p> <p>Use learnt techniques in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design in different contexts and with a variety of materials, e.g. use knowledge of weaving to create a willow sculpture.</p> <p>Demonstrate control of a range of tools and materials to create desired effects, e.g. when drawing use different grades of pencil to create variations in tone.</p> | <p>Use creative thinking to adapt an initial idea, e.g. experiment with alternative colour palette.</p> <p>Use their knowledge of drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to work creatively e.g. adapting the style of an artist to create their own effect.</p> <p>Are confident when working with a wide range of tools and materials to create different effects, e.g. use a graphics package to manipulate an image by applying a filter</p> | <p>Are confident to work creatively, adapting ideas, and taking risks when choosing tools, materials and media.</p> <p>Use their knowledge of drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques, imaginatively to create their own style, e.g. use spray paint on canvas.</p> <p>Develop their own style when working with a wide range of tools and materials, e.g. working into prints using their own choice of media such as pens, ballpoint pens, paints.</p> |

Creative Learning
Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Art & Design | Using Sketchbooks | <p>Recognise that ideas can be expressed in art work.</p> <p>Experiment with an open mind.</p> <p>Begin to experiment with ideas using a sketchbook.</p> | <p>Begin to experiment with ideas using a sketchbook.</p> <p>Recognise the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Talk about the similarities and differences between different artists, craft makers or designers.</p> <p>Confidently use drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques to explore the use of line, texture, colour, shape to create different effects, e.g. cross hatching with felt tip pens.</p> <p>Begin to experiment with ideas using a sketchbook.</p> | <p>Begin to record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book</p> <p>Explain the reasons for their ideas, and discuss and answer questions about how their ideas have developed.</p> <p>Develop and record their ideas through painting, drawing, sculpture in response to first hand observations, e.g. real objects, photographs, artefacts, and experiences.</p> <p>Talk about and answer questions about the starting point, and choices they have made, e.g. chosen tools, media, materials.</p> <p>Discuss the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Begin to understand the historical and/or cultural significance of a chosen artist /art form</p> <p>Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work, e.g. talk about the features they like in a piece of art work.</p> <p>Use sketch book to adapt their work as their ideas develop, and discuss this with others.</p> | <p>Investigate different starting points for their work, and choose which idea to develop further.</p> <p>Record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book, and begin to annotate these.</p> <p>Explain how they are developing their ideas as they work, and are beginning to use language appropriate to the chosen style of art.</p> <p>Discuss and analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Understand the historical and / or cultural significance of the work of a chosen artist / art form.</p> <p>Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work, e.g. talk about the features they like and the changes they would make to a piece of art work.</p> <p>Use sketch book to adapt their work as their ideas develop; make annotations in their books to describe how they might develop their work further.</p> | <p>Investigate a range of starting points for their work, and choose which idea to develop further.</p> <p>Record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book and annotate these in order to aid the development of their ideas.</p> <p>Explain how they are developing their ideas as they work, and use language appropriate to the chosen art form.</p> <p>Critically analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work.</p> <p>Understand how a chosen artist or art form has contributed to the culture and / or history of a specific nation.</p> <p>Use appropriate language when comparing ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.</p> <p>Describe what they think and feel about their own and others' work and how this might influence their designs.</p> <p>Use sketch book to evaluate and adapt their work as their ideas develop; make annotations in their books to show their</p> | <p>Independently investigate a range of starting points for their work, and confidently develop their ideas further.</p> <p>Record their thoughts and experiences in a sketch book and review and revisit these ideas as their work develops.</p> <p>Explain how they are developing their ideas as they work, and use language appropriate to the chosen art form.</p> <p>Critically analyse the styles of artists, craft makers or designers and use this to inform their own work. Work creatively, adapting ideas, and taking risks when choosing tools, materials and media.</p> <p>Confidently use language appropriate to the chosen art form, to help them to explain their ideas. Use language specific to a range of techniques to identify effective and ineffective features and use this to inform and evaluate their own work.</p> <p>Use sketch book to adapt and critically evaluate their work as their ideas develop. Annotations reflect their critical evaluations and development of ideas.</p> |
| | | | | | | | |

Creative Learning

Curriculum Progression Map – Music and Art

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | ongoing evaluations and how they might develop their work further. | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|